

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**B.E. 2/4 (Civil) I - Semester (Old) Examination, December 2015****Subject : Mathematics – III (Common to All Except I.T./ ECE)****Time : 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 75****Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and answer any five questions from Part-B.****PART – A (25 Marks)**

- 1 Form the differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function 'f' and 'g' from $Z = y f(x) + x g(y)$ (3)
- 2 Solve $x^2 p^2 + y^2 q^2 = z^2$ (2)
- 3 Find an in the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x^2$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$. (3)
- 4 Write Dirichlet's conditions. (2)
- 5 Solve $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 2x$. (3)
- 6 Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{x}{y}$. (2)
- 7 Apply Euler's method to find $y(0.4)$ for $y' = x + y$, $y(0) = 0$ choosing the step length = 0.2. (3)
- 8 If $f(4) = 7$, $f(6) = 13$, $f(0) = 14$, $f(12) = 10$. Find $f(11)$. (2)
- 9 Find Z – Transform of $\sin(3n+5)$. (3)
- 10 State and prove the initial value theorem. (2)

PART – B (50 Marks)

- 11 (a) Solve $(x^2 - y^2 - z^2) p + 2xyz = 2xz$. (5)
(b) Solve $r - t \cos^2 x + p \tan x = 0$ by Monse's method. (5)
- 12 If $f(x) = |\cos x|$, then expand $f(x)$ as a Fourier series in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$. (10)
- 13 The ends A and B of a rod 20 cm long have the temperature at 30°C and 80°C until steady-state prevails. The temperature of the ends are changed to 40°C and 60°C respectively. Find the temperature distribution in the rod at time 't'. (10)
- 14 (a) Solve the system of equations (5)
 $2x + 2y + z = 12$, $3x + 2y + 2z = 8$, $5x + 10y - 8z = 10$ by Gauss – Condition method.
(b) Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ using Runge-Kutta method of fourth order for $x = 0.2$ with initial conditions $y(0) = 1$. (5)
- 15 (a) Find the inverse Z – transform of $2(z^2 - 5z + 6.5) / [(z-2)(z-3)^2]$ for $2 < |z| < 3$. (5)
(b) State and prove convolution theorem. (5)
- 16 Solve $p(p^2+1)+(b-z)q=0$ by Charpit's method. (10)
- 17 (a) Find the Halfrange sine Fourier series expansion of $f(x)=x^2$ in $(0, \pi)$. (5)
(b) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = 1.3$ from the following table:

x	1	3	5	7
y	10	17	24	29

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**B.E. 2/4 I - Semester (New)(Main) Examination, December 2015****Subject : Mathematics – III (Common to All Except. I.T./ ECE)****Time : 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 75****Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and answer any five questions from Part-B.****PART – A (25 Marks)**

- 1 From a partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants a and b from $z = a(x+y)+b$. (2)
 - 2 Solve $p^2 - q^2 = x - y$. (3)
 - 3 Define odd and even functions with an example. (2)
 - 4 Solve by the method of separation of variables $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - 2\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} - z = 0$, where $z(x, 0) = 6e^{-3x}$. (3)
 - 5 State Baye's theorem. (2)
 - 6 If X is a continuous random variable and b is a constant then show that $\text{Var}(bX) = b^2\text{Var}(X)$. (3)
 - 7 Find mean of Poisson distribution. (2)
 - 8 Write any two applications of χ^2 test. (3)
 - 9 The lines of regression in a bivariate distribution are $x + 9y = 7$ and $y + 4x = \frac{49}{3}$. Find coefficient of correlation. (2)
 - 10 Fit a straight line for the following data: (3)
- | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| y | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |

PART – B (50 Marks)

- 11 (a) Solve $p + q + 2xz = 0$. (5)
 - (b) Solve by Charpit's method $px + pq + qy = yz$. (5)
 - 12 (a) Obtain the Fourier series to represent (5)
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -x < x < 0 \\ \frac{fx}{4}, & 0 < x < f \end{cases}$$
- (b) Find half range cosine series for $f(x) = \pi - x$ in the interval $0 < x < \pi$. (5)
 - 13 (a) If the first four moments of a distribution about a value 5 are equal to -4, 22, -177 and 560. Determine moments about mean. (5)
 - (b) Given the following table. (5)
- | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|---|------|------|------|
| x | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| P(x) | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.10 |
- Compute (i) $E(x)$ (ii) $E(2+3x)$ (iii) $V(x)$

- 14 (a) In a book of 520 pages, 390 typo-graphical errors occur. Assuming Poisson Law for the number of errors per page. Find the probability that a random sample of 5 pages will have no errors. (5)
- (b) Find MGF of normal distribution. (5)

..2..

- 15 (a) Find regression line of y on x for following data: (5)

x	1	3	4	5	7	8	10
y	2	6	8	10	14	16	20

- (b) Fit a second degree parabola for following data: (5)

x	2	4	6	8
y	25	38	56	84

- 16 A string is stretched and fastened to two points apart. Motion is started by displacing the string into the form $y = 2(\sin x + \sin 3x)$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$. Find the displacement of any point on the string at a distance of x from one end at time t . (10)
- 17 (a) A random sample of 10 boys had the following I.Q's : 70, 120, 110, 101, 88, 83, 95, 98, 107, 100. Do these data support assumption of population mean I.Q of 100? (5)
- (b) Find the angle between two regression lines. (5)

OU - 1607

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.E. 2/4 (ECE) I - Semester (New)(Main) Examination, December 2015

Subject : Applied Mathematics

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and answer any five questions from Part-B.**PART – A (25 Marks)**

- 1 Form a partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants a and b from $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 + z^2 = 1$ (2)
 - 2 Find the complete integral of pq (px + qy - z) = 1. (3)
 - 3 Find the values of a, b, c, d such that the function $f(z) = x^2 + axy + by^2 + i(cx^2 + dxy + y^2)$ is analytic. (2)
 - 4 Evaluate $\oint_C z^2 dz$, where C if $|z - 2| = 1$. (3)
 - 5 Find the zeros and singularities of $f(z) = \tan z$. (2)
 - 6 Determine whether the function of $f(z) = \bar{z}$ is conformal. (3)
 - 7 Derive iterative formula to find $N^{1/n}$ where $N > 0$ and n is a positive integer, using Newton-Raphson method. (2)
 - 8 Find the Lagrange interpolating polynomial that fits the following data: (3)
- | | | | |
|------|---|---|----|
| x | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| f(x) | 2 | 1 | 12 |
- 9 Define correlation and regression. (2)
 - 10 If θ is the angle between two regression lines, standard deviation of Y is twice the standard deviation of X and $r = 0.25$, find $\tan \theta$. (3)

PART – B (50 Marks)

- 11 (a) Solve $y^2 p - xy q = x(z - 2y)$. (5)
- (b) Solve $2z + p^2 + qy + 2y^2 = 0$ by Charpit's method. (5)
- 12 (a) Show that $f(z) = \frac{(\bar{z})^2}{z}$, $z \neq 0$, $f(0) = 0$, satisfies Cauchy-Riemann equations at (0, 0) but not differentiable there. (5)
- (b) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{z^3 + z + 1}{z^2 - 7z + 2} dz$, where C is the ellipse $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 1$ using Cauchy's integral formula. (5)
- 13 (a) Find the Laurent's series expansion of $f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 1}{z^2 + 5z + 6}$ in the region $2 < |z| < 3$. (5)
- (b) Use residue theorem to evaluate the integral $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 4)} dx$. (5)

..2..

- 14 (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at $x = 0$ from the following data: (5)

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	4	8	16	7	6	2

- (b) Apply Euler's method to find the approximate value of $y(0.3)$ if $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$, $y(0)=1$, taking $h = 0.1$. (5)

- 15 (a) Calculate the coefficient of correlation between X and Y for the following data: (5)

X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Y	3	4	5	3	8	6	7

- (b) Fit a curve of the form $f(x) = ae^{bx}$ to the data : (5)

x	0.5	1	2	2.5	3
f(x)	0.57	1.46	5.10	7.65	9.20

- 16 (a) Solve $x^2p^2 + y^2q^2 = z^2$. (5)
 (b) Obtain Cauchy – Riemann equations in polar form. (5)

- 17 (a) Find the image of the region $x \geq 2$ under the mapping $\zeta = \frac{4z+1}{z-2-i}$. (5)

- (b) Perform the first three approximations of bisection method to solve $xe^x - 1 = 0$. (5)

FACULTY OF INFORMATICS

B.E. 2/4 (IT) I - Semester (Old) Examination, December 2015

Subject : Discrete Mathematics

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 75

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A. Answer any FIVE questions from Part-B.**PART – A (25 Marks)**

- 1 Define proposition. Construct truth table for $P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow R)$. 3
 - 2 Define quantifier. Show that $(\forall x) (P(x)) \rightarrow (\exists x) (P(x))$ is a logically valid statement. 3
 - 3 Define equivalence relation. If $\{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{2, 4\}\}$ is a partition set of the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Determine the corresponding relation. 3
 - 4 How many 3 digit numbers can be formed using the digits 5, 7, 9, 1, if
 - a) a digit cannot appear more than once in a number.
 - b) any digit may appear any number of times in number. 3
 - 5 What is the co-efficient of x^3y^7 in the binomial expansion of $(2x - 9y)^{10}$. 3
 - 6 A single card is drawn from an ordinary deck of 52 cards. Find the probability that card is
 - a) King
 - b) Face card (Jack, queen or king)
 - c) Heart 2
 - 7 Define digraph and isolated graph. 2
 - 8 Is there exists a graph G corresponding to following incidence matrix? Justify 2
- $$I(G) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
- 9 Explain the what is meant for a function to be $O(1)$. 2
 - 10 Write the following in symbolic form. 2
 - a) "All men are good"
 - b) "No men are good"

PART – B (50 Marks)

- 11 a) Construct the truth table for $(P \wedge (Q \wedge R)) \wedge \neg ((P \vee Q) \wedge (R \vee S))$ 5
- b) Show that the following statements are logically equivalent without using truth table $(P \rightarrow Q) \Leftrightarrow (\neg P \vee Q)$. 5

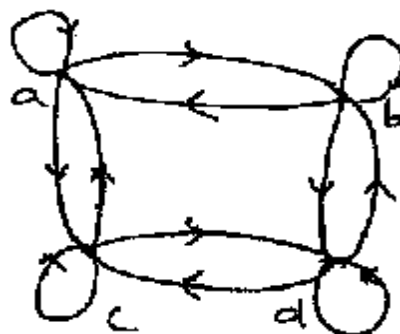
..2

- 12 a) Obtain the principal conjunctive normal form of the formula $(\neg P \rightarrow R) \wedge (Q \Rightarrow P)$. 5
 b) Verify the validity of the following argument.
 All integers are rational numbers some integers are powers of 3
 Therefore some rational numbers are powers of 3. 5
- 13 a) Show that $3n^5 + 5n^3 + 7$ is divisible by 15 for each positive integer n by the principle of Mathematical induction. 5
 b) Show that $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$ is $O(x^2)$. 5
- 14 a) Let the compatibility relation on set $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6\}$ be given by the matrix. 5

x_1	1				
x_2	1	1			
x_3	0	0	1		
x_4	0	0	1	1	
x_5	1	0	1	0	1
	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5

Draw the graph and find the maximum compatibility block of the relation.

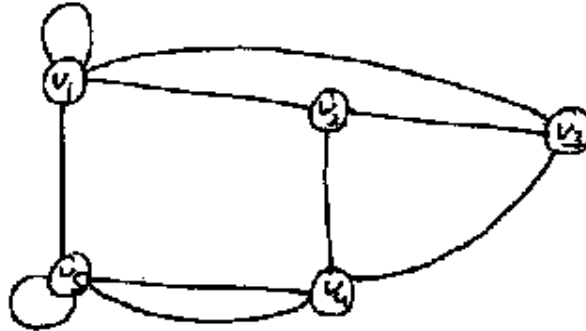
- b) Determine whether the relation with the directed graph shown is equivalence relation.



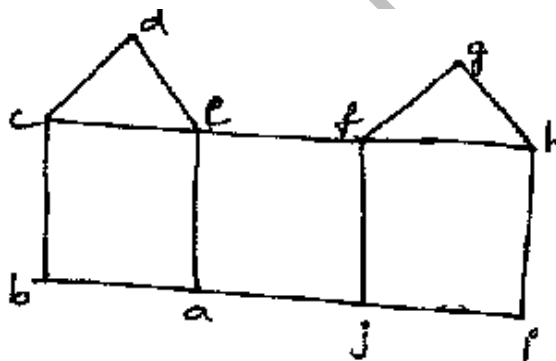
Justify your answer.

- 15 a) Solve $a_n - 3a_{n-1} + 2a_{n-2} = n^2 + 1$. 5
 b) Find the number of combinations of the four objects a, b, c, d taken 3 at a time. 5

- 16 a) Find the number of positive integers between 100 and 999 inclusive are not divisible by 3 and 5. 5
- b) Write incidence matrix and in degree, out degree of each vertex of the following graph. 5



- 17 a) Use Fleury's algorithm on the below graph to find an Euler circuit. 5



- b) Write Kruskal's algorithm. 5

FACULTY OF INFORMATICS**B.E.2/4 (I.T.) I - Semester (New)(Main) Examination, December 2015****Subject : Discrete Mathematics****Time : 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 75****Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and answer any five questions from Part-B.****PART – A (25 Marks)**

- 1 How can this English sentence be translated into a logical expression?
"You can access the Internet from campus only if you are a computer science major or you are not a freshman." (2)
- 2 Write the truth table for implication $p \rightarrow q$. (2)
- 3 Define tautology, Contradiction and Contingency with an example. (3)
- 4 Define cardinality of a set with an example. (2)
- 5 Let f and g be the functions from the set of integers to the set of integers defined by $f(x) = 2x + 3$ and $g(x) = 3x + 2$. What is the composition of f and g ? What is the composition of g and f ? (3)
- 6 Find the octal expansion of $(12345)_{10}$ (3)
- 7 What is the conditional probability that a family with two children has two boys, given they have at least one boy? Assume that each of the possibilities BB, BG, GB, and GG is equally likely, where B represents a boy and G represents a girl. (3)
- 8 How many relations are there on a set with n elements? (2)
- 9 Define Euler circuit and Hamilton circuit. (2)
- 10 What is the prefix form for $((x + y) - 2) + ((x - 4)/3)$? (3)

PART- B (50 Marks)

- 11 (a) Show that $p \rightarrow q$ and $\neg p \vee q$ are logically equivalent. (5)
(b) Show that $(p \wedge q) \rightarrow (p \vee q)$ is a tautology. (5)
- 12 (a) Give a direct proof of the theorem "If n is an odd integer, then n^2 is odd." (6)
(b) The bit strings for the sets $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and $\{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$ are 11 1110 0000 and 10 1010 1010, respectively. Use bit strings to find the union and intersection of these sets. (4)
- 13 (a) Find the greatest common divisor of 45 and 34 using the Euclidean algorithm. (5)
(b) How many bit strings of length eight either start with a 1 bit or end with the two bits 00? (5)
- 14 (a) How many different strings can be made by reordering the letters of the word SUCCESS? (6)
(b) Let X be the number that comes up when a fair die is rolled. What is the expected value of X ? (4)
- 15 (a) What is the solution of the recurrence relation $a_n = a_{n-1} + 2 a_{n-2}$ with $a_0 = 2$ and $a_1 = 7$? (6)
(b) Find the number of solutions of $e_1 + e_2 + e_3 = 17$, where $e_1, e_2,$ and e_3 are nonnegative integers with $2 \leq e_1 \leq 5, 3 \leq e_2 \leq 6,$ and $4 \leq e_3 \leq 7$. (4)
- 16 (a) Draw the Hasse diagram representing the partial ordering $\{(a, b) | a \text{ divides } b\}$ on $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12\}$. (6)
(b) Determine whether $(P(S), \subseteq)$ is a lattice where S is a set. (4)
- 17 (a) Prove that an undirected graph has an even number of vertices of odd degree. (5)
(b) Explain Prim's algorithm to find a minimum spanning tree with an example. (5)