

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.E. 2/4 (EEE/Inst.) II-Semester (Main) Examination, May / June 2017

Subject : Electronic Engineering-II

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 75

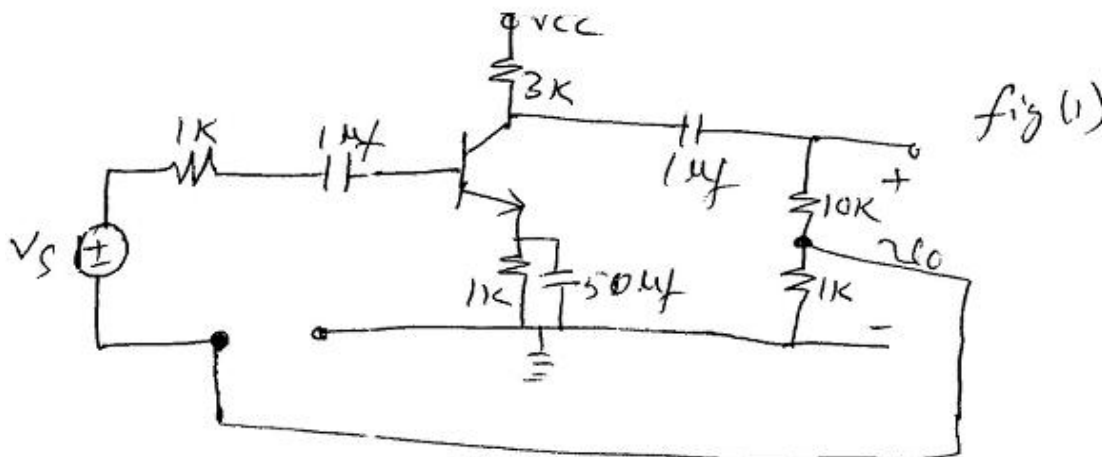
**Note:** Answer all questions from Part-A. Answer any FIVE questions from Part-B.

### PART – A (25 Marks)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1 Write briefly on classification of amplifiers.   | 2 |
| 2 What is the effect of cascading on gain and bandwidth of amplifier?                        | 3 |
| 3 What are the characteristics of –ve feedback in amplifiers?                                | 2 |
| 4 What is the effect of current series feedback on input and output resistance of amplifier? | 3 |
| 5 What is Barkhausen's criterion-explain briefly?  | 2 |
| 6 What is Crystal? How it functions?   | 3 |
| 7 What is class-D amplifier-explain briefly.   | 2 |
| 8 What is cross-over distortion in power amplifiers?   | 3 |
| 9 State and explain clamping theorem.  | 2 |
| 10 Explain how low pass RC circuit is used as Integrator.                                    | 3 |

### PART – B (50 Marks)

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|--|----|
| 11 Derive expressions for mid band gain and lower cut-off frequency of a single stage RC coupled BJT amplifier.                                | 10 |
| 12 For the amplifier shown find $R_{msf}$ , $A_{vsf}$ , $R_{of}$ and $R_{if}$ . Given $h_{ie} = 2K$ , $h_{fe} = 100$ , $h_{re} = h_{oe} = 0$ . | 10 |



- |   |    |
|---|----|
| 13 Derive expressions of frequency of oscillations and condition of oscillations for Hartly oscillator. | 10 |
|---|----|

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- 14 Explain the working of class-B push-pull power amplifier. Derive its efficiency. 10
- 15 Obtain and sketch the output waveform of RC high pass circuit for square wave input? Derive % tilt of output waveform. 10
- 16 a) Write about frequency stability of oscillators. 5  
b) Explain local and global feedbacks. 5
- 17 Write short notes on :  
a) Harmonic distortion in power amplifiers 5  
b) Two level clipper 5

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## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.E. 2/4 (ECE) II-Semester (Main) Examination, May / June 2017

Subject : Switching Theory and Logic Design

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Note:** Answer all questions from Part-A. Answer any FIVE questions from Part-B.

### PART – A (25 Marks)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 State and prove consensus theorem.  | 3 |
| 2 Convert the following octal numbers into binary and hexadecimal $(5436.15)_8 =$<br>$(\text{_____})_2 = (\text{_____})_{16}$ . | 3 |
| 3 Define Prime implicant.   | 2 |
| 4 Realize two input XOR gate using only NAND gates.   | 3 |
| 5 List out the applications of multiplexer and demultiplexer.   | 3 |
| 6 Define Static hazards.  | 2 |
| 7 Convert D flipflop into JK flip flop.   | 3 |
| 8 Draw the state diagram for Jk flip flop.  | 2 |
| 9 What is meant by the 'lock out' in counter?   | 2 |
| 10 Write the applications of shift registers.   | 2 |

### PART – B (50 Marks)

- |  |    |
|--|----|
| 11 a) Construct an even parity seven bit hamming code to transmit the data 0100.   | 6  |
| b) Determine the Canonical SOP representation of the following function<br>$F(x, y, z) = Z + (x' + y)(x + y')$ .                     | 4  |
| 12 Minimize the following function using Quine Mc Cluskey method $F(v, w, x, y, z)$<br>$= \sum m(0,7,8,9,12,13,15,16,22,23,30,31)$ . | 10 |
| 13 Implement the following boolean function using IC 74151 $F(A,B,C,D) =$<br>$\sum m(2,3,4,5,7,10,14)$                               | 10 |
| 14 Explain in detail how master slave JK flip flop avoids the race around condition.   | 10 |
| 15 Design a mod 128 counter using 7493 IC's.   | 10 |
| 16 a) Realize full adder using only two input NAND gates and verify its functionality using truth table.                             | 5  |
| b) Define set up and hold time. Explain in detail how to avoid meta stable state of sequential logic circuit?                        | 5  |
| 17 Write short notes on :  | 10 |
| a) Hazard free circuit   |    |
| b) Shift registers   |    |
| c) Parity code   |    |

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.E. 2/4 (M/P/CSE) II-Semester (Main) Examination, May / June 2017

Subject : Electrical Circuits and Machines

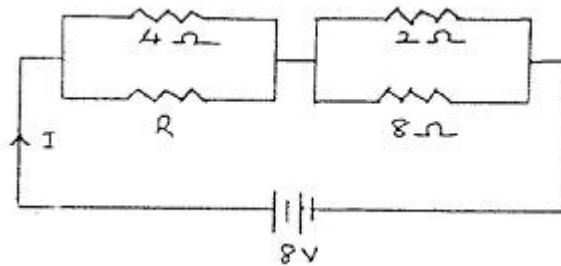
Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Note:** Answer all questions from Part-A. Answer any FIVE questions from Part-B.

### PART – A (25 Marks)

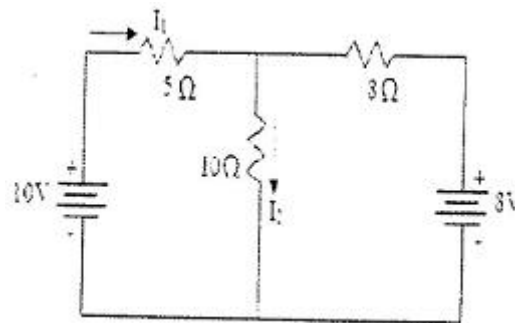
- 1 The total power consumer by the network shown in below is 24 W. Find R and I. 3



- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 2 Define R.M.S. value of current.  | 2 |
| 3 Write the relation between the power factor and wattmeter readings in two-wattmeter method of power measurement. | 2 |
| 4 Define the regulation and all day efficiency of transformer.   | 3 |
| 5 Explain the different types of de generators.  | 3 |
| 6 What is the significance of back emf of a dc motor?  | 2 |
| 7 Explain why it is not advisable to start a 3 phase induction motor by directly connecting it across the supply.  | 3 |
| 8 Define slip in an induction motor.   | 2 |
| 9 Why single phase induction motor has low power factor.   | 3 |
| 10 Compare BLDC motor and conventional DC motor.   | 2 |

### PART – B (50 Marks)

- 11 a) For the network shown below find the branch current  $I_1$  and  $I_2$  are marked in it. 5



- b) State and explain the Norton's theorem. 5

- 12 Derive the expression for impedance, phase angle, power factor, current, voltage, reactance, apparent power, real power and reactive power for RC series circuit. 10
- 13 a) Three  $100\ \Omega$  resistors are connected first in star and then in delta across 415V, 3-phase supply. Calculate the line and phase currents in each case and also the power taken from the source. 5  
 b) Derive the relation between the line and phase value of voltage and current in a balanced star connected load. 5
- 14 a) A 25 kVA transformer has an efficiency of 97% both at FL and 96.5% at half load at 0.8pf lagging both cases. Determine full load iron and copper loss. 5  
 b) What the losses in a transformer. On what factors do they depend. How are losses reduced in a transformer by construction? 5
- 15 a) Explain the constructional details and principle operation of DC motor. 5  
 b) A 25 kW, 250V, de shunt generator has armature and field resistances of  $0.06\ \Omega$   $100\ \Omega$  respectively . Determine the total armature power developed when working i) as a generator delivering 25 kW output and ii) as a motor taking 25 kW. 5
- 16 a) A 25 HP, 400 V, 50 Hz, 6-pole 3-phase induction motor runs at 960 rpm on full load. The stator loss is 350 W and full load efficiency is 89%, Calculate full load slip and rotor copper losses. 5  
 b) Explain slip-torque characteristics of an 3-phase induction motor. 5
- 17 a) Explain constructional details and principle operation of single phase split phase induction motor. 5  
 b) Explain the principle operation of stepper motor with help of neat schematic diagram. 5

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**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING****B.E. 2/4 (AE) II-Semester (Main) Examination, May / June 2017****Subject : Automotive Petrol Engines****Time : 3 hours****Max. Marks : 75****Note: Answer all questions from Part-A. Answer any FIVE questions from Part-B.****PART – A (25 Marks)**

- |    |  |   |
|----|--|---|
| 1  | Write the drawbacks of 2 stroke powered engines when compared to 4 stroke powered engines.         | 3 |
| 2  | What is meant by firing order? Mention the possible firing order used in 4 and 6 cylinder engines? | 2 |
| 3  | What is meant by rich mixture and lean mixture?  | 3 |
| 4  | Mention factors affecting carburetion.   | 2 |
| 5  | Brief about engine parameters affected the ignition timing.  | 3 |
| 6  | Define dwell angle.  | 2 |
| 7  | What are the factors controlling combustion chamber design?  | 3 |
| 8  | How detonation occurs in petrol engine?  | 2 |
| 9  | Mention types of cooling systems in SI engine.   | 3 |
| 10 | Write merits of magneto ignition system.   | 2 |

**PART – B (50 Marks)**

- |    |  |   |
|----|--|---|
| 11 | a) Explain the working principle of four stroke spark ignition engine.                             | 6 |
|    | b) What is significance of port and valve timing of petrol engine? Explain with diagram.           | 4 |
| 12 | a) Briefly explain essential parts of carburetor with sketch.                                      | 6 |
|    | b) How MPFI advantageous over conventional carburetion?  | 4 |
| 13 | a) Explain battery ignition system.  | 6 |
|    | b) Discuss various factors which affect the ignition timing.                                       | 4 |
| 14 | a) Briefly explain the stages of combustion in SI engines elaborating the flame front propagation. | 6 |
|    | b) Define knock in petrol engine and explain effect of engine variables on knock.                  | 4 |
| 15 | a) Explain evaporative cooling system.   | 6 |
|    | b) With sketches explain piston and cylinder temperature distribution of petrol engine.            | 4 |
| 16 | a) Explain about wet sump lubrication in spark ignition engine.                                    | 6 |
|    | b) Compare liquid and air cooling systems.   | 4 |
| 17 | a) Explain centrifugal advance mechanism   | 6 |
|    | b) Brief about Otto cycle with line diagram.   | 4 |

## FACULTY OF INFORMATICS

B.E. 2/4 (I.T.) II-Semester (Main) Examination, May / June 2017

Subject : Signals and Systems

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 75

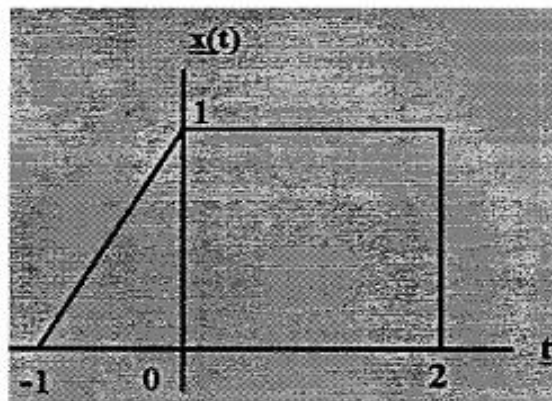
**Note:** Answer all questions from Part-A. Answer any FIVE questions from Part-B.

### PART – A (25 Marks)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 What are the basic operations on signals?   | 2 |
| 2 Find the even and odd components of $u(t)$ .  | 2 |
| 3 How do you obtain Exponential Fourier series coefficients from Trigonometric Fourier series coefficients? | 3 |
| 4 Explain the effect of symmetry on coefficients of Fourier series.   | 3 |
| 5 Draw the characteristics of ideal filters.  | 3 |
| 6 Write initial value and final value theorems of Laplace Transform.  | 2 |
| 7 When aliasing does occur? How can it be avoided?  | 2 |
| 8 Define and sketch.  | 3 |
| a) $u(n)$ b) $u(n)$   |   |
| 9 What is Region of convergence with respect to Z-Transform?  | 2 |
| 10 Find Z-Transform of $x[n] = n.u(n)$ .  | 3 |

### PART – B (50 Marks)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 11 a) For the signal shown in figure, sketch the following : | 6 |
| i) $x(t+3)$  |   |
| ii) $x(t/2)$   |   |
| iii) $x(2-t)$  |   |
| iv) $x(2t-2)$  |   |

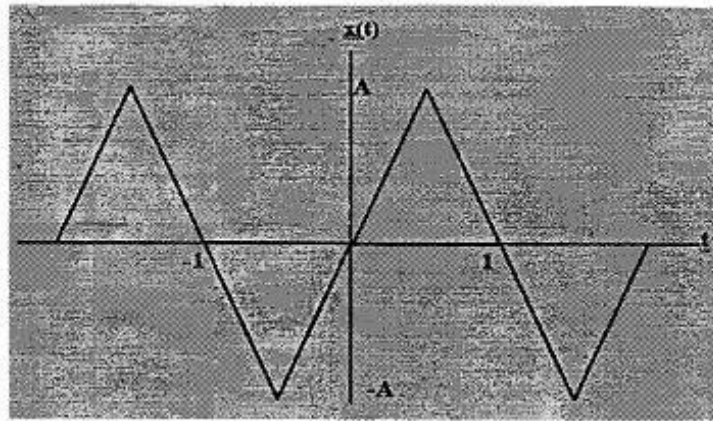


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|---|---|
| b) Check whether the following systems are linear or not. | 4 |
| i) $y(t) = t.x(t+2)$                                      |   |
| ii) $y(t) = x(t-2) + e^{x(t)}$                            |   |

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- 2 -

- 12 Find the Cosine and Trigonometric Fourier series for the signal  $x(t)$  shown in figure and sketch magnitude, phase spectra. 10



- 13 a) Explain any three properties of Fourier Transforms with suitable examples. 6

b) Find the Inverse Laplace Transform of  $X(S) = \frac{(3S + 4)}{(S + 1)(S + 2)^2}$ . 4

- 14 Solve the second order linear differential equation 10

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + 5 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + 6y(t) = \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + x(t)$$

For the initial conditions  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $\dot{y}(0) = 1$  and the input  $x(t) = e^{-4t} \cdot u(t)$

- 15 a) State and explain sampling theorem for band limited signals. 7

- b) Find the Nyquist Rate Nyquist Interval for the signal 3

$$x(t) = \text{sinc}(100\pi t) + 2 \text{sinc}(50\pi t)$$

- 16 a) Find Z-Transform of the following

i)  $\cos\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \cdot u(n)$  ii)  $2^{-n} \cdot u(n) + 3^n \cdot u(-n-1)$  5

- b) Find Inverse Z-Transform by power series method. 5

$$X(Z) = \frac{Z}{2Z^2 - 3Z + 1} \quad |Z| > 1$$

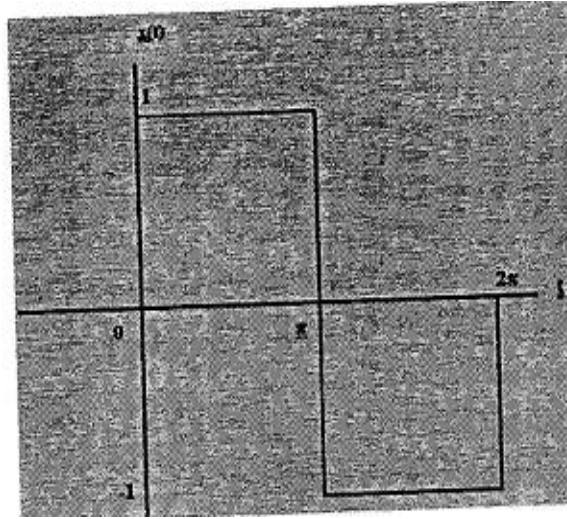
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17 a) Approximate the signal  $x(t)$  shown in figure in terms of  $\sin(t)$ .

4



b) Find canonic direct realization and its transpose for the Transfer Function

6

$$H(Z) = \frac{Z + 3}{Z^2 + 7Z + 10}$$

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