

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING
B.E. II – Semester(Main & Backlog) Examination, May / June 2018

Subject : Engineering Mathematics-II

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A & any five questions from Part-B.

PART – A (25 Marks)

1. Find an integrating factor of $(x^3 + y^3)dx - x^2ydy = 0$. (2)
2. Obtain the singular solution $y = xy' - \frac{1}{y'}$. (2)
3. Solve $(D^3 - 8)y=0$. (2)
4. Determine whether the functions e^{-x} , e^x , $\cosh x$ are linearly dependent for $x \in (0, \infty)$. (2)
5. Classify the singular points of the differential equation $x^2y'' + (x\cos x)y' + (\sin x)y = 0$. (2)
6. Prove that $P_n'(-1) = (-1)^{n-1} \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$. (2)
7. Evaluate $\Gamma\left(\frac{-7}{2}\right)$. (2)
8. If n is an integer, prove that $J_{-n}(x)$ and $J_n(x)$ are linearly dependent. (2)
9. Find the Laplace transform $f(t) = t^2 \sin ht$. (2)
10. Define Unit step function and Impulse function. (2)

PART-'B'(50 Marks)

11. a) Solve $(y e^{xy} + 4y^3)dx + (xe^{xy} + 12xy^2 - 2y)dy = 0$, $y(0)=2$. (5)
- b) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of circles which pass through $(0,0)$ and having centers on the y -axis. (5)
12. a) Find the general solution of $y'' - 6y' + 13y = 2e^{3x} \sin x \cos x$. (5)
- b) Solve $x^3y''' + 6x^2y'' - 12y = \frac{12}{x^2}$. (5)
13. Find the series solution of $2x(1 - x)y'' + (1 - x)y' + 3y = 0$ about $x = 0$ by Frobenius method. (10)
14. a) Evaluate $\int_0^a \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} dx$ using Beta and Gamma functions. (5)
- b) Express $J_2'(x)$ in terms of $J_0(x)$ and $J_1(x)$. (5)
15. a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{s^4 + s^2 + 1}$. (5)
- b) Apply Laplace transform to solve $y'' + 2y' - 3y = 0$, $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 4$. (5)

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16. a) The number N of bacteria in a culture grew at a rate proportional to N . the value of N was initially 50 and increased to 150 in one hour. What would be the value of N after $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs. ? (5)
- b) Solve $y''+y=e^{-x}$ by the method of variation of parameters. (5)
17. a) Prove that $\int_{-1}^1 P_n^2(x)dx = \frac{2}{2n+1}$ and hence evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 P_{10}^2(x)$. (5)
- b) Find $L\left[\int_0^t \frac{1-e^{-u}}{u} du\right]$ (5)

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